

(Electronic version)

Verification Website: www.gttc.net.cn Verification Code: YMLP-1047-24

Issue Date: 2020-05-10

Applicant: GUANGZHOU BIOFIL AIR PURIFICATION MATERIALS CO.,LTD Address: ROOM 201,2ND FLOOR, WORKSHOP B,NO.1 DOUTANG ROAD, YONGHE DEVELOPMENT ZONE, GUANGZHOU, CHINA

Information confirmed by applicant:

Surgical mask for medical use

No:20R000859

Quantity: sixty pieces

Style no.: flat type

Manufacture's name: guangzhou biofil air purification materials co.,ltd

Standard Adopted:

EN 14683:2019+AC:2019 < Medical face masks-Requirements and test methods>

| Date Received/Date Test Started: 2020-04-28 | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Conclusion: | |
| Bacterial filtration efficiency (BFE) | М |
| Microbial cleanliness | М |
| Differential pressure | М |
| Splash resistance pressure | М |
| Note: "M"-Meet the standard's requirement "F"-Fail to meet the standard | rd's requirement ""-No comment |

Remark:

This report is the english translation version of the report 20R000858.

All the tested items are tested under the standard condition (except for indication).

Copies of the report are valid only re-stamped.

The experiment was carried out at No.1, Zhujiang Road, Panyu District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, P.R.China.

Approved By:

Zishan Guo

ZiShan Guo Senior Engineer



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Bacterial filtration efficiency (BFE)

Test method: EN 14683: 2019+AC: 2019 Annex B

Test principle:

A specimen of the mask material is clamped between a six-stage cascade impactor and an aerosol chamber. An aerosol of Staphylococcus aureus is introduced into the aerosol chamber and drawn through the mask material and the impactor under vacuum. The bacterial filtration efficiency (BFE) of the mask is given by the number of colony forming units passing through the medical face mask material expressed as a percentage of the number of colony forming units present in the challenge aerosol.

Test equipment:

Incubator Electronic balance Autoclave Experimental system for bacterial filtration efficiency (BFE) of mask

The environmental conditions of the laboratory and test condition:

Total bacteria: 0 CFU/plate Total fungi: 0 CFU/plate Blank experiment: Aseptic growth Test environment temperature: 24.5 °C, Relative humidity: 50.5% Culture medium: TSA agar medium Culture temperature: 37°C, Culture time: 48h Test bacteria : staphylococcus aureus ATCC 6538 Concentration of bacterium: 5.0×10⁵ CFU /ml Positive control average (C): 1.9×10^3 CFU Negative monitor count: <1 CFU Test area: 40 cm² Dimensions of the test specimens: 15cm×15cm Flow rate: 28.3 l/min Pretreatment: Condition each specimen for 4 h by exposure to a temperature of (21±5) °C and a relative humidity of $(85\pm5)\%$ Mean particle size: 3.0 µm The medical face mask in contact with the bacterial challenge: inside





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Results:

| Sample | Т | BFE (%) | Requirement (%) | Classification | Conclusion |
|--------|----|------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------|
| 1 | 30 | 98.42 | | | |
| 2 | 26 | 98.63 | | | |
| 3 | 32 | 98.32 | ≥98 | Type II R | Pass |
| 4 | 22 | 98.84 | EN 14683:2019+AC:2019 | | |
| 5 | 26 | 98.63 | | | |

Remarks:

For each test specimen calculate the bacterial filtration efficiency B, as a percentage, using the following formula:

 $\mathbf{B} = (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{T}) / \mathbf{C} \times 100$

where

B is bacterial filtration efficiency (BFE), %;

C is positive control average;

T is the total plate count for the test specimen.





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Microbial cleanliness

Test method: EN ISO 11737-1:2018, Membrane filtration

Test principle:

Take the required samples from the original packaging. Weigh a certain amount of sample and placed in a sterile 500 ml bottle containing 300 ml of extraction liquid (1 g/l Peptone, 5 g/l NaCl and 2 g/l Tween 20). The bottle is laid down on an orbital shaker and shaken for 5 min at 250 rpm. After this extraction step, 100 ml of the extraction liquid is filtered through a 0.45 μ m filter and laid down on a TSA plate for the total viable aerobic microbial count. Another 100 ml aliquot of the same extraction liquid is filtered in the same way and the filter plated on Sabouraud Dextrose agar (SDA) for fungi enumeration. The plates are incubated for 3 days at 30°C and 7 days at (20 to 25)°C for TSA and SDA plates respectively. The total bioburden is expressed by addition of the TSA and SDA counts.

Test equipment:

Constant temperature incubator Electronic balance Pressure steam sterilizer Biosafety cabinet

The environmental conditions of the laboratory and test condition:

Test environment temperature: 24.5 °C, Relative humidity: 56.0% Test environment monitoring: total bacteria: 0 CFU/plate, total fungi: 0 CFU/plate, blank experiment: aseptic growth





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| Results: | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------|
| Microbial | Measured value (CFU/g) | Microbial cleanliness (CFU/g) | Requirement (CFU/g) | Classification | Conclusion |
| Bacteria | 8 | 10 | ≤30 EN 14683:2019+AC:2019 | Type II R | Pass |
| Fungi | 2 | | | | |





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Differential pressure

Test method: EN 14683:2019+AC:2019 Annex C

Test principle:

This procedure was performed to evaluate the differential pressure of the medical face mask material by measuring the air exchange pressure through a measured surface area at a constant air flow rate.

Test equipment:

GTTC-YLC-1 Apparatus for measuring differential pressure

The environmental conditions of the laboratory and test condition:

Air flow: 8 l/min Test area: 4.9cm²

Pretreatment: Condition each specimen for a minimum of 4 h by exposure to a temperature of (21 ± 5) °C and a relative humidity of (85 ± 5) %

General location of the areas of the mask the differential measurements: specimen center





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| Results: | Results: | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Sample | Measured value (Pa) | Differential pressure (Pa/cm ²) | Requirement (Pa/cm ²) | Classification | Conclusion | |
| 1 | 141 | | | | | |
| 2 | 160 | | | | | |
| 3 | 147 | | <60 | | | |
| 4 | 126 | 29.4 | EN 14683:2019+AC:2019 | Type II R | Pass | |
| 5 | 147 | | | | | |
| Average | 144 | | | | | |





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Splash resistance pressure Test method: ISO 22609:2004

Test principle:

A specimen medical face mask is supported on an apparatus. A volume of synthetic blood is sprayed horizontally at the specimen mask to simulate the scenario of a mask being splashed by a punctured blood vessel. The volume of fluid, distance to impact, orifice size and fluid velocity are defined in this method and intended to be consistent with this health care scenario. Any evidence of synthetic blood penetration on the side of the medical face mask contacting the wearer's face constitutes failure. Results are reported as "pass/fail". Specimen medical face masks are evaluated at a total of three different velocities corresponding to human blood pressures of 10.6 kPa, 16.0 kPa, and 21.3 kPa. Test results are reported at each velocity and the medical face mask is rated at the highest corresponding blood pressure for which medical face mask specimens demonstrate an acceptable quality limit of 4.0.

Test equipment:

Test apparatus for synthetic blood penetration LFY-227 Air compressor Graduated cylinder Electronic balance Targeting plate

The environmental conditions of the laboratory and test condition:

Condition each specimen for a minimum of 4 h by exposure to a temperature of $(21\pm5)^{\circ}$ C and a relative humidity of (85 ± 5) % Surface tension of synthetic blood: 0.042 N/m Pressure: 16.0 kPa Velocity: 550 cm/s





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| Sample | Measured value | | Classification | |
|--------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| | Pressure | Requirement (kPa) | | Conclusio |
| | 16.0 kPa | | | |
| 1 | pass | | | |
| 2 | pass | | | |
| 3 | pass | | | |
| 4 | pass | | | |
| 5 | pass | | | |
| 6 | pass | | | |
| 7 | pass | | | |
| 8 | pass | | | |
| 9 | pass | | | |
| 10 | pass | | | |
| 11 | pass | | | |
| 12 | pass | | | |
| 13 | pass | | | |
| 14 | pass | | | |
| 15 | pass | | | |
| 16 | pass | | | Pass |
| 17 | pass | ≥16.0 | Type II R | |
| 18 | pass | EN 14683:2019+AC:2019 | | |
| 19 | pass | | | |
| 20 | pass | | | |
| 21 | pass | | | |
| 22 | pass | | | |
| 23 | pass | | | |
| 24 | pass | | | |
| 25 | pass | | | |
| 26 | pass | | | |
| 27 | pass | | | |
| 28 | pass | | | |
| 29 | pass | | | |
| 30 | pass | | | |
| 31 | pass | | | |
| 32 | pass | | Testing | and Certifical |
| Final result | pass | | the 2 sestee opening a | Call |

——End of Report———